

"Out of Bed Three Times!"

If the victim of kidney disorders and bladder irritation is compelled to arise even once in the night, there is a condition which should be promptly corrected. If arising more than once immediate attention is the part of wisdom.

Balmwort Tablets

are peculiarly fitted to promptly relieve soreness and aching in the kidney regions. They allay inflammation, restore normal secretion and correct the alkalinity of the waste secretions, and thus stop the source of irritation, pain and annoyance. There are thousands of benefited users of Balmwort Kidney Tablets and all good, conscientious druggists recommend and sell them. Price, \$1.00 per tube.

CORRECT KIDNEY TROUBLE
Sold by all druggists.—Advertisement.

Germany Will Not Recognize Soviet Republics

COPENHAGEN, April 8.—The German national government will not recognize the new soviet government of Bavaria, a semi-official press bureau dispatch received today from Berlin declares. It holds that the soviet organization has not conformed with the provisional constitution for Germany which provides that representatives of the state council shall be chosen at a general election and shall enjoy the confidence of the people. Therefore the national government's decision is that the only legitimate government in Bavaria is the Hoffman government.

Premier Hoffman's statement to the effect that he has not retired from office, but has only moved his headquarters from Munich is accepted by the national government.

Advices from various parts of Bavaria show varying receptions of the soviet proclamation. At Nuremberg, after several hours of debate, the soldiers' and workmen's council rejected the soviet republic idea by a vote of 138 to 70. At Ansbach the soviet republic was proclaimed yesterday afternoon and work was at a standstill on the occasion of the general holiday ordered for the day. The banks were occupied by troops.

At Passau, close to the Austrian frontier, a meeting called by the soldiers' and workmen's council declared for the introduction of the soviet republic and for an alliance between Hungary and Russia.

Regarding the situation in Munich a dispatch from that city says:

"It is announced by general headquarters of the first Bavarian army that a soviet republic was proclaimed today, (April 7) in Bavaria. Therefore, the domain of the First army is declared to be in an intensified state of siege."

Will Take Off All Excess Fat

Do you know that there is a simple, harmless effective remedy for overweight that may be used safely and secretly by any man or woman who is losing the slimmest of youth?

There is; and it is none other than the tablet form of the now famous Marmola Prescription Tablets. You can well expect a reduction of from two to four pounds a week without dieting or exercising. Marmola Prescription Tablets are sold by all druggists at 75c for a large case, or if you prefer you can order direct from the Marmola Co., 864 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Danzig Agreement Reached at Spa Has Been Signed

BERLIN, April 8.—(By The Associated Press.)—The agreement reached at Spa between the German and allied representatives regarding the use of Danzig for the return of Polish troops from France was signed at the same desk at which Emperor William sat when he attached his name to his abdication agreement, the Zeitung Am Mittag states.

Mathias Erzberger, the head of the German armistice commission, was permitted for the first time to converse with Marshal Foch without the presence of witnesses, the newspaper adds. The armistice commissioner is said to have had two lengthy talks with the allied commander-in-chief, in the course of which the internal situation of Germany was discussed at length.

American Army Is Decreased 44 Per Cent Since Last November

WASHINGTON, April 8.—On April 1 the war department announced today, the aggregate strength of the American army was 2,055,718, excluding the 17,735 marines with the expeditionary forces. This total shows a net decrease of 44 per cent from November 11 last.

The army is now divided as follows:

- In Europe 1,366,610; in Siberia, 8,892; in the United States, 562,064; in insular possessions, 35,412; at sea (April 1), 82,739.

COUNTERFEITER'S DEN FOUND.
PHILADELPHIA, April 8.—A counterfeiter's den in full operation has been discovered within the walls of the eastern penitentiary here. Three convicts were doing the work in their cell at night. They had been operating only three days, however, before the deputy warden discovered the plot.

CHAMBERLAIN IS URGING PROBE

Claims Letters Sustaining Courts Martial System Were Sent Out Under Franked Envelopes.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—Investigation by the attorney general's office of the alleged distribution in official franked envelopes of 70,000 copies of a letter written by Col. John H. Wigmore, formerly of the provost marshal general's office in support of the existing courts martial system, was urged today by Senator Chamberlain, former chairman of the senate military affairs committee, in a letter to Attorney General E. A. Tamm.

Senator Chamberlain charged that "the Wigmore letter was in form and substance a purely private communication upon a purely professional subject" and that it was designated in part as personal reply to Senator Chamberlain's speech on military justice in the senate January 3. Copies of this letter, together with copies of a letter from the judge advocate general of the army to the secretary of war, were sent broadcast throughout the country, the senator charged, to members of the bar.

"These communications, consisting of some seventy pages, all appear to have been printed at the government printing office and presumably at government expense," Senator Chamberlain wrote. "They are being distributed in enormous public distribution in official penalty envelopes bearing the official business frank of the war industries board."

My principal purpose in calling the matter to your attention is to be found in the obvious fact that the transmission of this personal communication through the mails of the United States as official business at public expense is in flagrant violation of the penal laws of the United States prohibiting free transmission of private matter. It is to be observed, also, that the subject matter of the communication can have no possible relationship to the business of the war industries board and, besides, it is thought that the board has long since ceased to exist."

In a statement accompanying a copy of the letter, Senator Chamberlain said he considered criticism by Col. Wigmore of the courts martial hearings before the senate military committee of the senator himself, and of another officers of the army (unnamed) to be conduct unbecoming an officer. He added these criticisms were such that "the secretary of war should take notice with a view to disciplinary action."

The senator said that Colonel Wigmore was "one of the four or five officers who formerly served in the now defunct office of the provost marshal general but who are now being retained in the service by the secretary of war upon the recommendation of the judge advocate general to compile data in defense of the existing courts martial system and distribute them at public expense throughout the U. S."

British Take Over Oil Wells in Tampico District

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The recent purchase by the British government of oil properties in Mexico has been confirmed by official advices and today it was learned that officials of the state department were much interested in the situation because of the apparent establishment by Great Britain of a new policy of outright ownership, vested in the government, of oil properties.

Great Britain, it was said today, had not waited for action by the Mexican courts or by the new congress called to meet May 1, but had purchased the interests of her nationals which were involved in the question. These are the same properties involved in the dispute that led to the dispatch by the British, French and United States governments protesting against the "confiscatory" features of the Mexican constitution.

This action was said by a high official today to indicate that Great Britain does not intend that the property acquired by British subjects in good faith and under the existing laws of Mexico at the time the interests were acquired shall be "confiscated."

Great Britain, this official said, is trying to secure all the available oil-producing lands throughout the world to insure carrying trade for her merchant marine and cheap fuel for her navy and commercial vessels.

Admiral Strauss Sails for North Sea to Remove Mines

NEW YORK, April 8.—Rear Admiral Joseph Strauss, U. S. N., who supervised the laying of the "mine barrage" in the North sea to protect allied shipping from the menace of the German submarines, sailed from here on the steamship Orduna today to take charge of the work of removing the mines which now are considered dangerous to merchant shipping. Admiral Strauss is accompanied by his aide, Commander W. L. Beck.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.
CHICAGO, April 8.—The annual meeting of stockholders of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad was held here today. W. H. Finley was elected for a two-year term as director, and the following were elected directors for three years: Chauncey M. Depew, H. C. Frick, David P. Kimball, Charles Frick, James A. Stillman, and S. A. Lynde. Frick, Stillman and Lynde succeeded E. M. Hyzer, H. A. Miller and F. F. Farwell. The company's contract with the government was approved.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Druggists refund money is PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, Blind, bleeding or protruding Piles. Stops Irritation; Soothes and Heals. You can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60c.

LUXATED IRON

INSIST UPON THE GENUINE

Helps Make Strong Sturdy Men and Beautiful Healthy Women — Used By Over 3,000,000 People Annually As a Tonic, Strength and Blood Builder, Ask Your Doctor or Druggist.



New Platinum Field Found in South America

NEW YORK, April 9.—The new platinum fields being opened up in Colombia, South America, are not only expected to increase the world's supply of platinum above the pre-war normal but give Colombia railway lines and build up the general commerce of the republic.

The principal work is being done in the Choco district which is untouched by a railway but is on the San Juan river within reach of steamboats from towns on the sea coast. There are two large companies in the field. One is the British Platinum and Gold Corporation of London; the other, the Anglo-Colombian company, now merged with the South American Gold and Platinum company of New York, backed by the Lewisohn interests.

The British company owns thirty square miles of territory and has options on forty miles of river frontage. It also owns one half interest in the Opogodo property, the other half of which is owned by the Paris Transvaal Gold Mines company.

The mining is carried on by dredging and hydraulic work. The ore averages 75 per cent platinum and 25 per cent gold. Engineers of the British company calculate their properties will net them eventually \$5,500,000, basing costs on 12 cents a cubic yard for dredging and 6 cents for hydraulic work.

Platinum now commands a steady market at \$165 an ounce. Despite the fact that the war is ended and there is no further large need for the metal for high explosives, there is no prospect of any falling off in the demand or the price. New uses for platinum have been discovered. Its popularity as fashionable jewelry will continue and it is now used as a catalyst in the new industry of producing ammonia from the air.

Owing to the war, its use in magnets for airplanes, hydroplanes, motor cars and motor boats was greatly increased and this use will remain in peace times. The world's production of platinum was 300,000 ounces before the war. Of this 50 per cent came from the Ural mountain mines in Russia. The Russian fields, it is estimated, will be exhausted in thirty or forty years. They yielded 185,331 ounces in 1912; 173,642 in 1913; 158,775 in 1914; 107,774 in 1915 and 78,674 in 1916.

The Choco district in Colombia has been worked as never before since the war's demand for platinum became urgent. Its output in 1911 was 12,000 ounces; 15,000 in 1912; 15,000 in 1913; 17,500 in 1914; 18,000 in 1915; 25,000 in 1916; and 50,000 in 1917.

With the exploitation of the rich Colombian fields, the need for railroads in Colombia is becoming pressing. Agents of American and British contractors are now in Colombia looking over the field with the idea of building transportation lines. Colombia is wonderfully rich in agricultural and mineral resources and the coming of the railroads is expected to bring about a wonderful development of its industries and commerce.

CATARRAHAL DEAFNESS MAY BE OVERCOME

If you have Catarrhal Deafness or head and ear noises or are growing hard of hearing go to your druggist and get 1 ounce of Parmitin (double strength), and add to it 34 pint of hot water and a little granulated sugar. Take 1 tablespoonful four times a day.

This will often bring quick relief from the distressing head noises. Clogged nostrils should open, breathing become easy and the mucus stop dropping into the throat. It is easy to prepare, costs little and is pleasant to take. Anyone who has Catarrhal Deafness or head noises should give this prescription a trial.—Advertisement.

JOHN MACAULEY DIES AFTER LONG ILLNESS

TWIN FALLS, Idaho, April 8.—John Macauley, 39, a member of the firm of Macauley Brothers and a prominent figure in business, fraternal, religious and social circles, died this morning at the home of his mother, after an illness of nearly two years. Funeral services are announced for 9 o'clock Thursday morning at Steward Catholic church.

Mr. Macauley had been a resident of Twin Falls since 1909, being associated with his brother, Charles Macauley, in the wholesale cigar business, the oldest establishment in the city.

As past exalted ruler of the Elks' lodge, president and chancellor of the Knights of Columbus and secretary and manager of the athletic association, which was the mainstay of baseball here for years, Mr. Macauley's prominence in various circles became notable.

Prior to coming to Twin Falls he resided in Butte and Anaconda, Mont. He leaves his widow and three sons, John, 7; Harold, 5; and Robert 3; also his widowed mother, two brothers, Charles and William Macauley, and one sister, Miss Mary Gertrude Macauley.

Largest Crop of Wheat in History of the Country

WASHINGTON, April 8.—Forecast by the department of agriculture today that the nation's winter wheat crop would total 837,000,000 bushels, the largest crop ever grown, aroused immediate speculation as to the cost to the government of such an enormous yield. Under the bill passed by congress in the closing days of the last session the government is obligated to pay the difference between the guaranteed price of \$2.26 a bushel and the world market price for every bushel not only in winter but of spring wheat produced.

The total value of the winter wheat crop on the basis of an 837,000,000 bushel crop forecast would be \$1,891,620,000. The spring wheat crop, soon to be planted, cannot be estimated at this time but department of agriculture officials today predicted it would range between 225,000,000 and 309,000,000 bushels which would increase the total value of the nation's wheat crop to approximately two and a half billion dollars.

The part of this two and a half billion dollars that the government must pay to maintain the guaranteed price was a matter upon which officials here declined to comment.

It was said that the factors influencing the world market price, such as production in Argentina, Australia and other countries and the European demand, were too numerous to make any prediction at this time. The department of agriculture has no information as to estimated wheat production in the other wheat growing countries of the world.

Officials expressed the belief today that there would be a good foreign demand for American wheat which would take care of the nation's surplus and while the loss to the government through its price guarantee, may mount far into the millions of dollars, so far as the actual worth of the country was concerned, it simply will be taking money from one pocket and putting it into another. The money, it was said, will go into the pockets of the farmers of the country and officials believe the forecast indicates farmers will be more prosperous and possess greater potential buying power than ever before in the history of the country. The enormous sums farmers will receive for their wheat, it was said, should find its way back quickly into circulation, thus adding to the general prosperity of the nation.

Today's forecast also indicated that America will have a greater surplus than ever before. The United States requires for its own yearly consumption about 5.3 bushels of wheat for each person within it. With approximately 119,000,000 people in the United States and adding approximately 75,000,000 bushels of wheat, which is necessary for feeding purposes, the demands of this country this year are estimated at more than 650,000,000 bushels.

With a spring wheat production estimated at from 225,000,000 to 309,000,000 it would appear that the surplus available for export would be in the neighborhood of about 450,000,000 bushels.

When these figures mean is indicated in statistics showing that before the war the United States exported on an average 109,000,000 bushels yearly. During the war the greatest quantity exported in any one year was about 335,000,000 bushels, so that the available supply this year will be considerably more than 100,000,000 bushels above the maximum ever exported, even when practically all the warring allied and neutral nations were depending upon the United States as the main source of their food supply.

Mrs. Alice Cult, Daughter of Late Clara Reed Dies

NEW YORK, April 8.—Mrs. Alice Cult, an actress and a daughter of the late Clara Reed, who created the role of "Little Eva" in "Uncle Tom's Cabin," died here tonight in her 32nd year.

Mrs. Cult appeared for many years in dramatic stock companies in Philadelphia, retiring to marry the late Charles Cult, a machinery manufacturer in the city. Her husband entered the motion picture business. She leaves a son, Andrew J. Cult.

CLARK HOME FOR SOLDIERS.
NEW YORK, April 8.—Wounded Montana soldiers and seriously wounded of other states who require life in the open air in order to regain their health, were tendered the use of the Clark home for soldiers, which is located in the city. Senator William Clark at Salmon Lake, near Missoula, Montana, by William A. Clark, III, here today. Mr. Clark who is a III, died at St. Paul's school, Concord, N. H., said that transportation to Salmon Lake would be furnished the men.

PIMPY? WELL, DON'T BE!

People Notice It. Drive Them Off with Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

A pimply face will not embarrass you much longer if you get a package of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The skin should begin to clear after you have taken the tablets a few days. The skin should be clear, the blood, the bowels and the liver with Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the successful substitute for calomel; there's never any sickness or pain after taking them. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do that which calomel does, and just as effectively, but their action is gentle and safe instead of severe and irritating.

No one who takes Olive Tablets is ever cured with "a dark brown taste," a bad breath, a dull, listless, "no good" feeling, constipation, torpid liver, bad disposition or pimply face.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a pure vegetable compound mixed with olive oil, you will know them by their olive color.

Dr. Edwards spent years among patients afflicted with liver and bowel complaints, and Olive Tablets are the immensely effective result. Take one or two nightly for a week. See how much better you feel and look. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

AT BERTHANA TONIGHT

Berthana will be open again tonight for the mid-week dance from 9 to 12 o'clock. The finest dance hall in the whole state can be enjoyed by all who care to dance. Special attention paid to young girls unattended by parents. Lillian Thatcher orchestra.—Advertisement.

JAPAN ISSUES ORDER TO TROOPS NOW IN KOREA

SEOUL, Wednesday, April 2. (By The Associated Press)—General Utsunomiya, commander of the Japanese army in Korea, has issued a proclamation to the troops to use their arms only as a last resort and to treat the people charitably, sympathetically, and in consonance with the spirit of Bushido and not show hostility to the families of demonstrators. He adjured them especially not to hurt the foreign missionaries found throughout the country.

The missionary leaders have instructed the missionaries to remain at their stations and not to travel in the interior. The schools are closed and manifestos have been posted on some of the mission buildings threatening, if these are reopened, that the missionaries will be killed.

A representative of the Japanese authorities has requested the missionaries to use their influence with the Koreans to discontinue the independence movement. Through Bishop Welch, the American Methodist missionaries have replied that they are unable to interfere, first, because it would be ineffective; second, it would impair the success of their own work among the Koreans; and third, it would constitute interference with internal politics, which is expressly forbidden by the American government.

The governor of Korea issued a proclamation ordering the re-opening of the shops; otherwise the owners would be prosecuted. As a result, the shops were re-opened yesterday, but today most of them were closed again. Another proclamation forbids assembling in the streets after nine o'clock at night.

Reliable advices from the interior, where disorders, with casualties, continue, indicate the prevalence of the belief among the natives that Korea's independence has actually been achieved and that a provisional government has been established in Seoul. This will serve to keep alive the insurrectionary spirit throughout the country.

Jpan Has Troubles

SEOUL, Tuesday, April 1. (By The Associated Press)—Japan is experiencing in Korea as other countries have before, difficulties in assimilating an alien people. The general impression in Seoul is that the independence movement among the Koreans is deep-rooted and determined and has extended to all classes of people.

Slumbering for years, the insurrection has come to a head in the period of the approaching Korean independence day. Faith permeates the Koreans and will help them finally to acquire the right of self determination.

Independence news is being secretly printed and distributed almost daily, despite repeated seizures of printing presses, and it is declared that the Koreans are confident President Wilson will come to Korea in an airplane and listen to their grievances. A white flag set up on Seoul hill is presumed to indicate the landing place.

The Associated Press correspondent touring the city found every Korean shop and place of business closed and shuttered. Occasionally white gown-clad Koreans stood on the sidewalks smoking long bamboo pipes and staring stolidly at the passersby.

Foreigners Enter Complaints.
Foreigners, as well as Koreans, allege serious maltreatment of those who have taken part in demonstrations. The Union Service hospital, founded by L. H. Severance of Cleveland, has as patients from this cause twenty-four Koreans, including a boy of fifteen.

General Kojima, director of gendarmes, in a statement to the Associated Press, places the casualties to the police, gendarmes, soldiers and Japanese at fifty-six, of whom seven were killed, and of the Koreans at 453, of whom 154 were killed. The early mild treatment by the authorities, according to Gen. Kojima was interpreted by the Koreans as evidence of weakness, and they began to resort to violence, which he estimated that twenty thousand took part in the demonstrations, armed with axes, knives and clubs, and the gendarmes were forced to employ severe measures. He regretted the bloodshed.

The general appeared to be more concerned about the allegations of Japanese cruelties than the insurrection, which he believed was being mastered. He denied accusations that prisoners were tortured. Tortures were so frequent in Korean history, he explained, the Koreans seemed to believe that they were being continued under the Japanese rule.

Koreans Are Flogged.
He questioned the allegations that Koreans had been tied to wooden crosses and flogged, but admitted that the old Korean custom of flogging prisoners was kept up by the Japanese. The Koreans themselves often preferring this mode of punishment to paying a fine. Moreover, the jails were insufficient to hold all the offenders. During the uprising at Ping-Yang (110 miles northwest of Seoul) flogging was carried out effectively and reduced the number of rioters. Those punished were immediately treated by physicians, in order to prevent gangrene and other dangerous effects. No women were flogged.

General Kojima denied that the police had made insulting allusions to the Christian cross.

ADMIRAL SIMS LUSTILY CHEERED IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, April 8.—Rear Admiral William S. Sims, who arrived in New York yesterday from London came to Washington late today to make a personal report to the commander-in-chief of the navy department on his services as the naval forces in European waters during the war. After a brief stay here, the admiral will go to Newport, R. I., for a rest before resuming the presidency of the naval war college from which he was called for overseas duty a little more than two years ago.

As he stepped from his train he was greeted by Acting Secretary and Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt and the heads of the bureaus at the navy department and escorted to the president's suite in the station, where an informal reception was held. When the officer arrived at the gate from the train sheds, he was greeted by a naval band and the cheers of hundreds who had gathered in the station. He stood rigidly at attention until the band had finished and then passed between double columns of yeomen reaching the gate to the station building.

After posing with Secretary Roosevelt for moving pictures, Admiral Sims entered an automobile with Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt and drove to his hotel. Tomorrow he will go to the navy department to make his report and confer with high officers and will leave tomorrow evening or Thursday for Newport to rejoin Mrs. Sims and his children, who were at New York yesterday to welcome him home.

In greeting Admiral Sims today, Acting Secretary Roosevelt handed him the following cablegram received today from Secretary Daniels in France:

"I regret that absence from the U. S. prevents my greeting you upon your arrival home and extending in person the thanks of the navy and the whole country, too, upon the signal ability you have shown in the important and delicate duty entrusted to you as commander of the United States naval forces in European waters during the greater war in which the naval forces under your direction won the praise and commendation of the world."

"The American people will give you the great welcome your distinguished service merits. In the new duty you are to assume as president of the war college, which assignment I was glad to make at your request, you will have the largest opportunity for usefulness. To your leadership in that great position, the navy looks for the initiative and direction which will impress the whole service with the spirit of progress and decision which have marked naval performances during this war."

"With my congratulations upon your great work in these years of trial and success, and with sentiments of esteem and regard."

WOULD MAKE ATLANTIC CITY WORLD CAPITAL

TRENTON, N. J., April 8.—The ambition of New Jersey legislators to make Atlantic City the "capital of the world," took definite form today when the lower house unanimously adopted a bill enabling the city to acquire land and buildings to house the headquarters of the league of nations. The bill was introduced at the behest of the municipal authorities.

SLEEPING SICKNESS

Sometimes seizes sumptuous sanatoriums, such as sink swiftly, sometimes spasmodically springing soon steadily stagnate slumbering serenely succumb. Stung stockholders (seemingly sublime) secretly shedding saline showers, swear sinfully. Such sad sorrowful sights seem scandalous. Some sudatory sanatoriums sail smoothly, scintillating salubrous sunshine. Society swells, stenographers, smart sailors, sweet sisters, spinners, sensible speculators, sports, skippers, soldiers, saucy soubrettes, simply swarm sevenmerry seasons Sunday, sundown Saturdays, stuffing sandwiches, singly, shouting, swimming, sweating, sometimes slyly spooning, seeking salacious stunning sensations.

Speaking seriously, somnambulant subjects surely soon show sane symptoms.

Canada Resorts To Retaliatory Shipping Laws

OTTAWA, April 8.—After reading a telegram from Washington, which asserted that only in exceptional cases is the U. S. government granting permits for Canadian vessels engaged in coastwise trade to touch at American ports on the Atlantic or Pacific, A. K. MacLean, acting minister of marine, and fisheries, announced today in the house of commons that Canada is considering retaliatory tactics.

Inasmuch as the United States declines to confer this privilege upon Canadian vessels engaged in coasting trade," he said, "it is contemplated that no further licenses will be granted to American ships for the coasting trade in Canadian waters except under very exceptional circumstances. This will place our policy in this regard on a parity with that of the United States."

MEN HOLD UP BANK

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 8.—Six men held up the People's State bank at Seven Corners, a busy Minneapolis business district, shortly before 10 o'clock this forenoon and escaped with \$4500 cash and \$13000 in Liberty bonds. Cashier A. E. Kolsted was locked in the vault.

"COMMON CLAY"

Today is the last opportunity to see the screen version of the famous play, "Common Clay," at the Orpheum theater.

A STORY OF EVERY DAY LIFE.

It is a play which grips and thrills as the cleverly told story is unfolded in the scenes. Matinee this afternoon, 20 cents; other performances 25 cents and children 10 cents. These prices include war tax.—Advertisement.

J. J. Brummitt, 2417 Hudson avenue, pays highest prices for Liberty bonds.

NOTICE

I will not be responsible for any debts, other than those contracted by myself.

(Signed) H. D. CULVER.

Attempt Is Made To Lynch Negro In West Virginia

BERKELEY SPRINGS, W. Va., April 8.—After a mob had surrounded the jail here today and had threatened a lynching, John Perkins, a negro, charged with attacking a young white woman at her home in Hancock, Md., this morning, was rushed to an automobile to Martinsburg for safe keeping. Ten deputy sheriffs armed with shotguns stood off the mob while other officers slipped out of a back door with their prisoner and sped away in an automobile. The race soon was discovered and members of the mob secured several machines and gave chase but were outdistanced.

The victim of the alleged crime, whose condition tonight was reported to be serious, was attacked on the porch of her home after she had been approached by the negro with a request for a drink of water. Her five-year-old daughter was a witness and gave the alarm. The negro fled after the crime and boarded a freight train from which he was taken by a state line in West Virginia. He resisted arrest and was roughly handled by the officers and railroad men who aided in the capture.

News of the affair spread rapidly and fully 1,000 persons had gathered at the jail when Perkins was spirited away.

Borah Vigorously Applauded in His Topeka Address

TOPEKA, Kans., April 8.—The first effect of the league of nations constitution as it stands today is destruction of the policies of Washington and Monroe—the basic principles on which our foreign policy is grounded," declared Senator William E. Borah at Idaho, in an address here tonight. Senator Borah said he would never support any league of nations that surrenders any part of the independence of the United States.

"We all want peace but there are things dearer even than peace. If the peace treaty comes back with the league of nations so interwoven in it that they may not be separated, then I have voted on separately, then I have voted on one United States against the peace treaty."